Redesign of the International Timetabling Process (TTR)

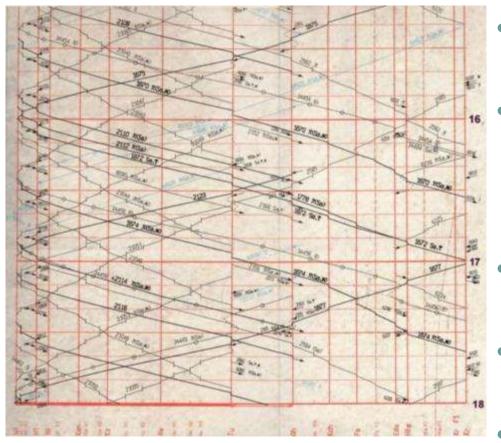
Ljubljana, 19 February 2019



TTR Introduction

Market needs, Vision, Elements, Timeline

The need for a redesigned TT process



- Out-dated timetabling process
- One static path request deadline does not fit to various market needs (e.g. freight traffic)
- Lack of harmonisation and cooperation
- Increasing national constraints
- Problem of coordination of works





Vision

The goal is the implementation of the complete process (i.e. all process components as agreed by RNE and FTE) latest by the end of 2024 (Timetable 2025).

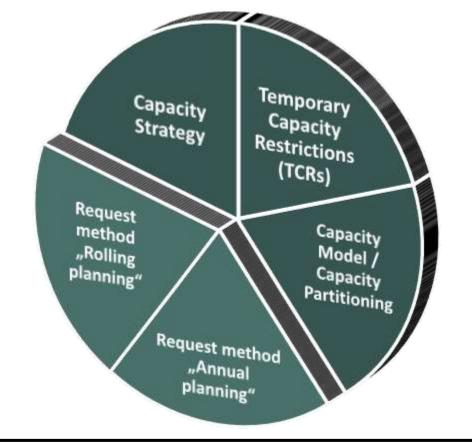
- Clear focus on freight and passenger market needs with optimised request deadlines
- Improved reliability, consistency and stability incl. planning and execution of Temporary Capacity Restrictions (TCRs)
- **Binding** implementation and application of the redesigned timetabling process TTR
- Improvement of efficiency (capacities, resources, IT) in order to avoid multiple planning/work
- Making best use of existing Infrastructure capacity





Elements of the redesigned timetabling process

Railway sector created a new TTR process that has the following main elements:



The successfully implementation of TTR relies on several pre-conditions:

Legal Framework

TTR must be supported by the legal framework, pragmatic solutions shall be applied

Commercial Conditions

Internationally harmonised CC are required to reduce waste of existing capacity

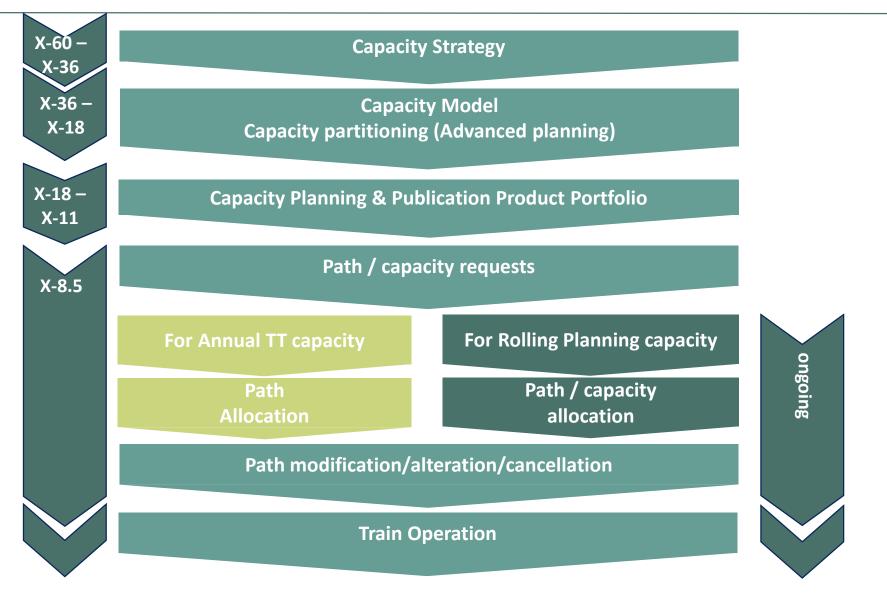
IT Landscape

Digitalisation and automatisation is must. A common IT solution needs to be placed





Process timeline of TTR







Benefits of TTR for the sector

Benefits detected in Business Case:

The complete implementation of all components will provide access to large financial benefits due to:

 Improved usage of available infrastructure (increased capacity/quality) and subsequent higher marked share of railways in the modal split

 Increased efficiency of IMs and applicants when planning and allocating capacity with minimization of redundant work steps





TTR Pilots

Antwerp – Rotterdam (RFC North Sea – Mediterranean) Mannheim – Miranda de Ebro (Atlantic RFC) Munich – Verona (RFC ScanMed) ÖBB-Infrastruktur

TTR Pilots – Testing innovative TTR components

TTR Pilots were launched to test some of the new crucial TTR components, namely:

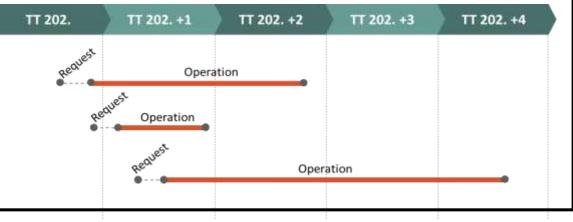
CAPACITY MODEL

A consolidation of all known capacity elements into a single entity to display available capacity and partition the expected traffic according to its attributes. It also safeguards capacity (high-quality slots) for Rolling Planning requests.



ROLLING PLANNING

To serve the volatile market and ensure stability, a new product is introduced: Rolling Planning requests can be placed at any time between 4 and 1 month before the first operation day and is valid for a maximum duration of 36 months.

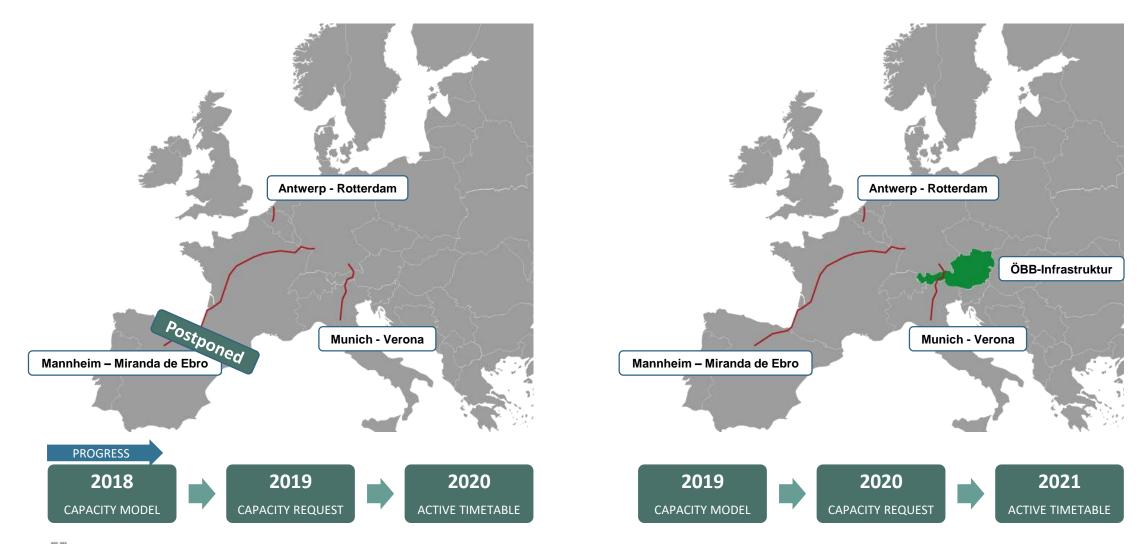




We need pilots to learn from experience!



Timetable period 2020 Timetable period 2021



FORON TRAIN EUROPE

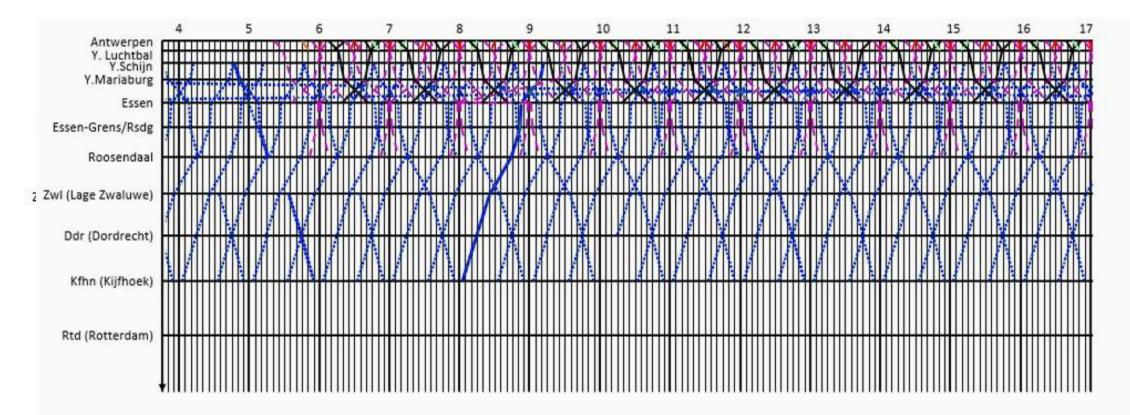


Example of Capacity Model (Rotterdam – Antwerp)

It contains:

- View on expected traffic volumes
- Partitioning in Annual Requests and Rolling Planning Request capacity

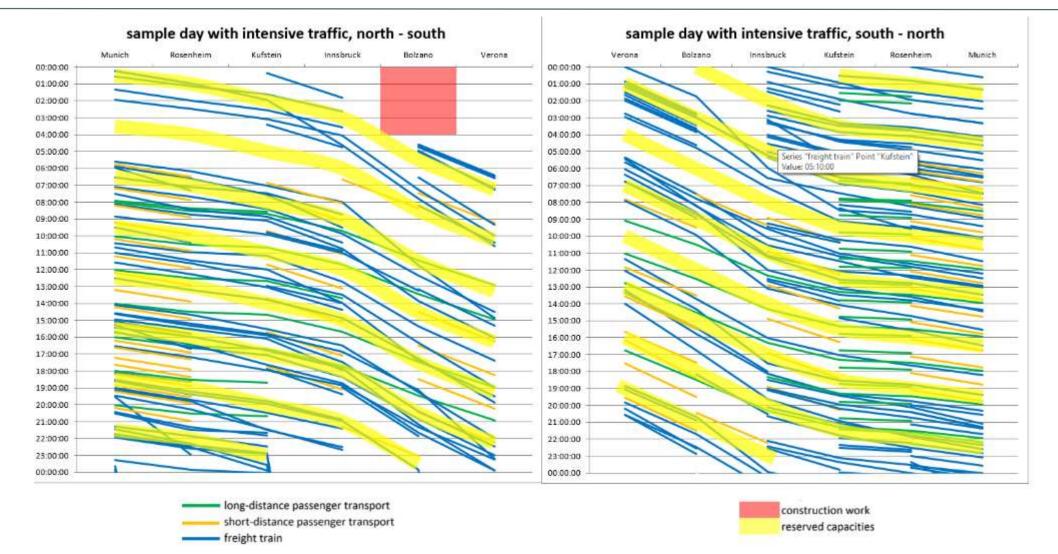
- View on capacity for maintenance in 2020
- View on TCRs in 2020







Example of Capacity Model (Munich-Verona)







TTR Pilots: Achievements

- Joint text in Network Statements
- Increased awareness about TTR
- New annex to FCA
- Two pilot lines started phase 2
 - Antwerp Rotterdam
 - Munich Verona
- Documents published by the two pilot lines in CMS:
 - Pilot Information Documents (PIDs) for two pilot lines available
 - Capacity for two pilot lines published
 - Pilot publications online: <u>https://cms.rne.eu/ttr-communication-platform</u>

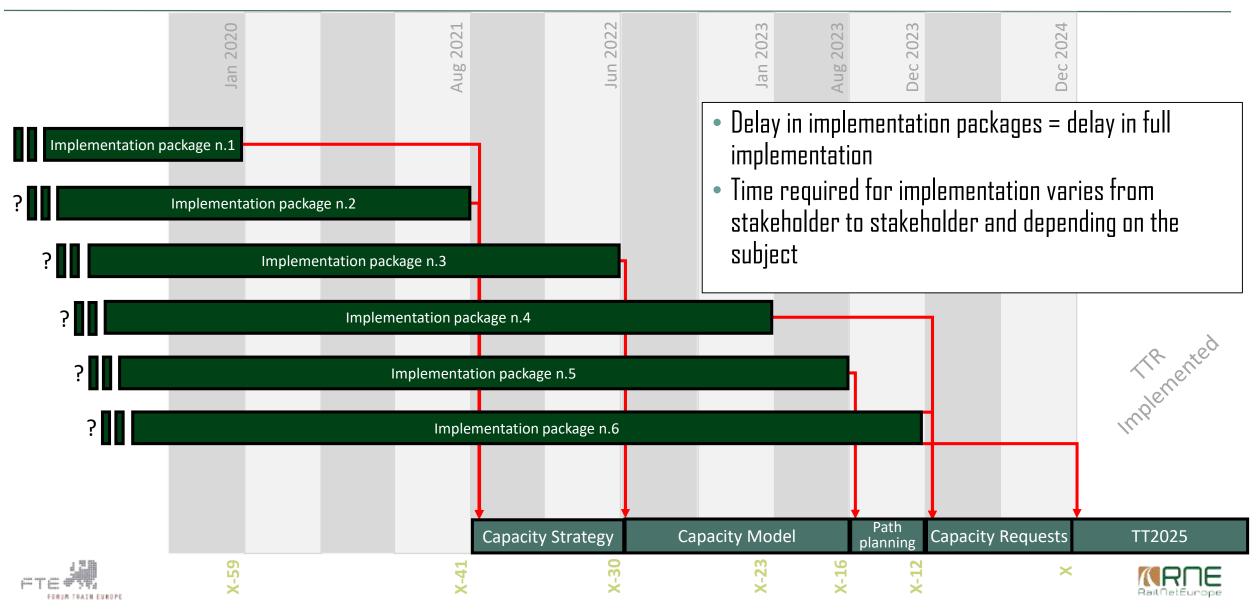




TTR Implementation

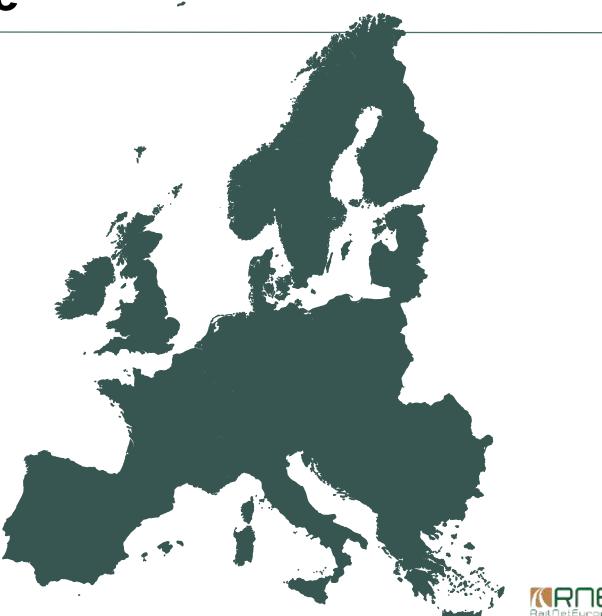
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Approach: Implementation in packages



Implementation in Europe

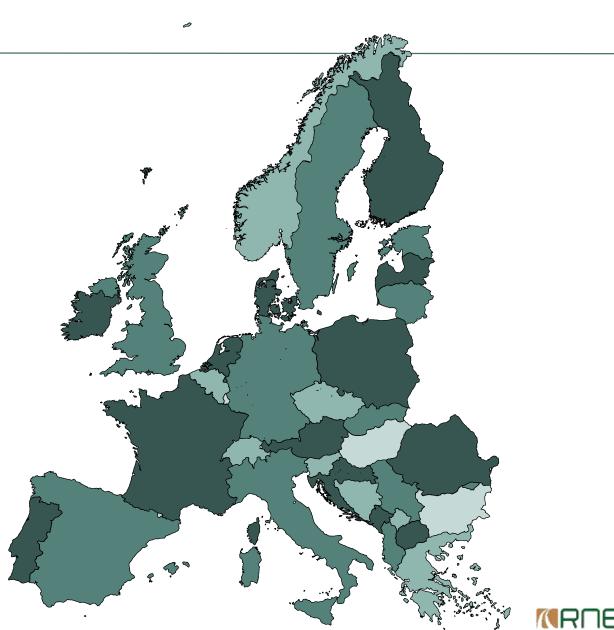
- European organizations will be asked to adapt and provide
 - IT
 - Legal Framework
 - Commercial Conditions
- Implementation steered by RNE





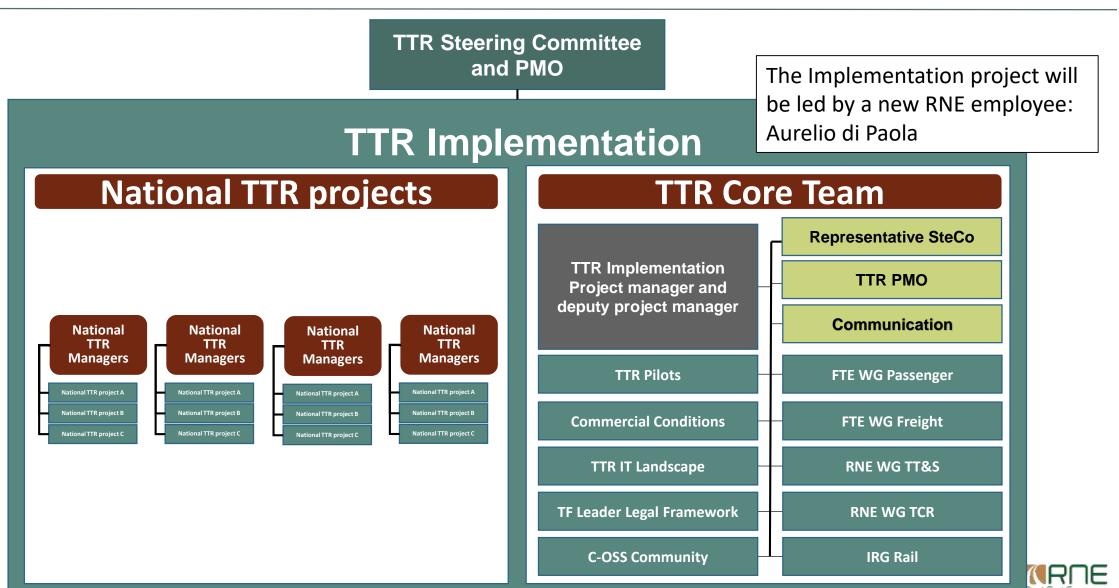
National implementation

- National organizations will need to adapt and provide
 - IT
 - Legal Framework (if required)
 - Commercial Conditions
- National implementation projects conducted by IMs
 - Inclusion of national stakeholders (e.g. RUs, RBs)
 - Coordination among projects via RNE





Structure TTR Implementation



Thank you!

If you have further questions, you may contact...

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